SAC GFCM Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment

Date*	25	November	2009	Code*	PIL1709Doc
		Authors*	by Santoj Acknowl	janni A. and Cingolani N. edgements: Leonori I., Bela	l working group for small pelagics coordinated rdinelli A., Campanella F., Carpi P., Colella S., Marceta B., Modic T., Plibersek K.
		Affiliation*	2) Fisher 3) Institu	ISMAR, Ancona (Italy) ies Research Institute of Slo te of Oceanography and Fis and Agriculture Organizatio	heries, Split (Croatia)
Speci	es Scie	entific name*	1	Sardina pilchardus Source: GFCM Priority	
			2	Source: -	
			3	Source: -	
	Geogra	aphical area*		hern and central Admontory).	riatic Sea (southern limit: Gargano
		cal Sub-Area (GSA)*	17 -	Northern Adriatic	
Comon		2 3			

Assessment form

Sheet #0

Basic data on the assessment

Code: PIL1709Doc

Date*	25 Nov 2009	Authors*	Document prepared by the AdriaMed working group for small
			pelagics coordinated by Santojanni A. and Cingolani N.
			Acknowledgements: Leonori I., Belardinelli A., Campanella F.,

Species	Sardina pilchardus - PIL	Species	Sardine
Scientific		common	
name*		name*	

Data Source

			1975-2008
GSA*	17 - Northern Adriatic	Period of time*	1773-2000
aort	17 Worthern Remark	i choa or time	

Description of the analysis

	Type of data*	tuning.	Data source*	
ĺ	Method of	Virtual Population Analysis (VPA) with	Software used*	Darby C.D., Flatman S. 1994.
	assessment*	Laurec-Shepherd tuning.	Software used	

Sheets filled out

В	P1	P2a	P2b	G	A 1	A2	A3	Υ	Other	D	Z	С
1					1	1	1			1	1	

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Patterson K. 1992. Fisheries for small pelagic species: an empirical approach to management targets. Review of Fish Biology and Fisheries, 2: 321-338.

Gislason H., N. Daan, J.C. Rice, J.G. Pope. 2008. Does natural mortality depend on individual size? ICES CM 2008/F:16.

Cardinale M., A. Abella, V. Bartolino, F. Colloca, J.M. Bellido, A. Di Natale, J.L. Bigot, F. Fiorentino, M. Garcia Rodriguez, M. Giannoulaki, G. Petrakis, L. Gil de Sola, G. Pilling, P. Martin, L.F. Quintanilla, M. Murenu, G.C. Osio, A. Santojanni, P. Sartor, M.T. Spedicato, V. Ticina, H.J. Rätz, A. Cheilari. 2008. Report of the SGMED-08-04 Working group on the Mediterranean, Part IV. Editors: Cardinale M., H.J. Rätz, A. Cheilari. EUR - Scientific and Technical Research Series. 728 pp.

Santojanni A. 2009. Comments on "Is anchovy (Engraulis encrasicolus, L.) overfished in the Adriatic Sea?" by Klanjscek and Legovic [Ecol. Model. 201 (2007): 312-316]. Ecological Modelling, 220: 430-433.

Assessment form

Sheet B

Biology of the species

Code: PIL1709Doc

KININGV								
Biology	Somatic magnit	itude measured (LH, LC, etc)*			Total length.		Units*	cm
	Sex	Fem	Mal	Both	Unsexed			
Maximum	size observed					Reproduction	n season	
Size at firs	t maturity					Reproduction	n areas	
Recruitme	nt size					Nursery are	as	

Parameters used (state units and information sources)

				S	ex	
		Units	female	male	both	unsexed
	L∞					
Growth model	K					
Growin model	t0					
	Data source					
Length weight relationship	а					
relationship	b					
						-
	M					

sex ratio (mal/fem)

Comments

M at a	ge (in years) estimated by Gislason's method:
Age 0	M
0	0.75
1	0.68
2	0.58
3	0.53
1 2 3 4 5 6	0.49
5	0.47
6	0.43
7	0.42
8	0.42
9	0.41

Assessment form

Sheet P1
General information about the fishery

Code: PIL1709Doc

Data source*	Year (s)*	1975-2008
Data aggregation (by year, average figures between years, etc.)*	e relative to the total fleet (Ita	aly, Croatia, Slovenia).

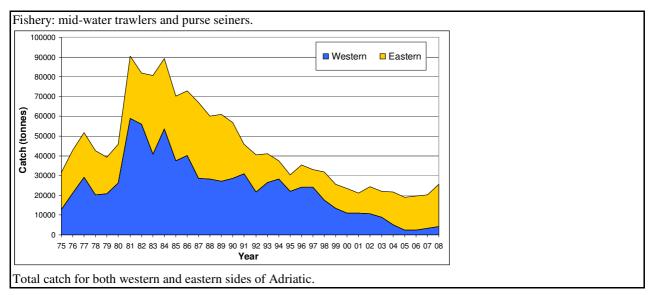
Fleet and catches (please state units)

	Country	GSA	Fleet Segment	Fishing Gear Class	Group of Target Species	Species
Operational Unit 1*						
Operational Unit 2						
Operational Unit 3						
Operational Unit 4						
Operational Unit 5						

Operational Units*	Fleet (n° of boats)*	Kilos or Tons	Catch (species assessed)	Other species caught	Discards (species assessed)	Discards (other species caught)	Effort units
Total							

Legal minimum size

Comments



SAC GFCM - Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment (SCSA) Sheet A1 **Assessment form** Indirect methods: VPA, LCA Code: PIL1709Doc Sex* M+F Page 1 / 1 Analysis # * VPA Time series Data Size Age Model Cohorts Pseudocohorts (mark with X) (mark with X) Equation used Tunig method Laurec-Shepherd # of gears Software Darby C.D., Flatman S. 1994. $F_{terminal}$ **Population results (please state units)** Sizes Amount Biomass Ages Minimum Recruitment Average Average population Maximum Virgin population Critical Turnover **Average mortality** Gear Total (F1 and F2 represent different possible calculations. Please state them) **Comments**

Tuning on abundance (number) at age derived from echo-surveys carried out in both western and eastern sides of Adriatic (since year 2004).								

Assessment form

Sheet A2

Indirect methods: data

Code: PIL1709Doc

Sex*	M+F	Gear*	mid-water trawlers and purse seiners.	Analysis # *	VPA

Data

Data

Data										
Total ca	tch at age	(thousan	ds).							
Year	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6+			
1975	7585	169567	168809	133637	111767	57349	101185			
1976	32674	325425	262716	240229	178982	50674	49174			
1977	38311			293502		66399	63126			
1978	56203	237503	191355	241149	206344	77865	86317			
1979	17371			210192		58922	70146			
1980	34213	191096	239748	274783	220395	74540	83558			
1981	90126				351636		129101			
1982	67953			375817		98067	118146			
1983	54307			337134		90895	117826			
1984	45549				248612	94093	130938			
1985	13544				217535	59584	71576			
1986	3982				404964					
1987	88835				368575		113598			
1988	19605				354199		136351			
1989	7739				219265		70539			
1990	3004				231691		52015			
1991	1109	51418			266029		30532			
1992	8577				225554		34310			
1993	35680				249316		47053			
1994	24216				195019		44028			
1995	8404	41136			193086		46134			
1996	27103				227896		72568			
1997	25272				195818		55102			
1998	42932				177559		51867			
1999	70321			132549		90379	53378			
2000	91446		189318	96714	52050	37405	41908			
2001	64787		324603	99569	26133	13715	13810			
2002	100550		453768		22790	9400	8138			
2003 2004	35091		444112 437905		14551	3676	2080			
2004	11544				12553	1724	1063			
2005	26670 65837	79693 69530	193385	196415	63490 86982	11662 23361	2621 551			
2006	116311		193383 228352		80496	41446	1209			
2007				195238		29236	1209 24779			
2008	121442	1043/1	2/0/13	193238	129803	<i>2923</i> 0	Z4119			
1										

Assessment form Sheet A3
Indirect methods: VPA results

Code: PIL1709Doc

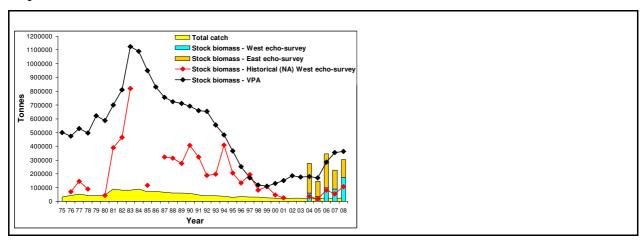
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Sex*	M+F	Gear*	mid-water trawlers and purse seiners.	Analysis #*	VPA

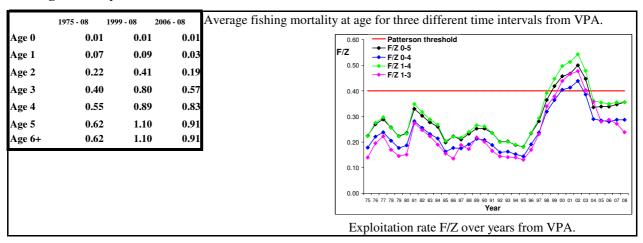
Population in figures

Number of fish at sea (* 10-4).												
Age	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
0		289824			690221		680869			1E+06	2E+06	1E+06
1	178330	124628	-, -, -							281072		
2	148059	82403	52984	57277	77299	107557	148730		-	141934		318647
3	111757	70155	33554	21001	18461	20174	27928	51252	67701	61697	65332	60360
4	67854	49400	26254	9991	5290	3658	2524	6074	16241	25248	18488	22792
5	38138	26664	16825	6401	2244	1288	567	470	2760	5158	8876	5276
6+	17638	12682	9787	7067	2227	1101	316	285	610	120	255	4405

Population in biomass



Fishing mortality rates



SAC GFCM - Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment (SCSA)									
Assessment fo	rm				Sheet Y				
						Indire	ct methods: Y/R		
						Co	de: PIL1709Doc		
Sex	1					Analysis #			
# of gears			Software						
Parameters use	d								
Vector F									
Vector M									
Vector N									
Model characte	ristics								
							_		
Results									
Results		•							
	Total				Ge	ear	1		
0 VD									
Current YR Maximum Y/R									
Y/R 0.1									
F _{max}									
F _{0.1}									
Current B/R			<u> </u>						
Maximum B/R									
B/R 0.1									
Comments									

Assessment form

Sheet D Diagnosis

Code: PIL1709Doc

Indicators and reference points

Criterion	Current value	Units	Reference Point	Trend	Comments
В					
SSB					
F					
Υ					
CPUE F/Z					
F/Z					

Stock Status* Use one (or both) of the following two systems for the stock assessment status description

		? - (or blank) Not known or uncertain. Not much information is available to make a judgment;
Unidimensional		U - Underexploited, undeveloped or new fishery. Believed to have a significant potential for expansion in total production;
		M - Moderately exploited, exploited with a low level of fishing effort. Believed to have some limited potential for expansion in total production;
	0	F - Fully exploited. The fishery is operating at or close to an optimal yield level, with no expected room for further expansion;
		O - Overexploited. The fishery is being exploited at above a level which is believed to be sustainable in the long term, with no potential room for further expansion and a higher risk of stock depletion/collapse;
		D - Depleted. Catches are well below historical levels, irrespective of the amount of fishing effort exerted;
		R - Recovering. Catches are again increasing after having been depleted or a collapse from a previous;

		Exploitation rate	Stock abundance						
Bidimensional		No or low fishing		Virgin or high abundance		Depleted			
sio		Moderate fishing		Intermediate abundance	P-7	Uncertain / Not			
nen		High fishing mortality		Low abundance	-	assessed			
din		Uncertain / Not assessed	-		_				
Bi	<u> </u>								

Assessment form

Sheet Z Objectives and recommendations

Code: PIL1709Doc

Management advice and recommendations*

The recent exploitation rate F/Z is under the Patterson's threshold 0.4. However, this pattern is less evident than in the case of anchovy (see ad hoc form) and, what is more, the values of F/Z were around/over the threshold in the time interval 1999-2003. In particular, since the end of the 1990s, the values of F were estimated as quite high for the oldest age classes. Thus, the sardine stock could be considered as fully exploited.

considered as fully exploited.
In addition, a strong decline of stock biomass occurred after the peak in the first half of the 1980s.
This decline was continuous till the end of the 1990s. Then, a partial recovery was observed. Finally,
in comparison with previous assessments, more conservative natural mortality rates (i.e. $M = 0.5$ for
all age classes) were not used in the present analysis.
It should be noted that Adriatic small pelagic fishery is multispecies and effort on anchovy cannot be separated from effort on sardine, so that most of the management decisions should be taken
considering both species.
In conclusion, it is recommended not to increase the fishing effort in next future.

Advice for scientific research*

To use more extensively Integrated Catch Analysis (ICA); at the present time trials were done.	