SAC GFCM Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment

Date*	17	November	2009	Code*	MUR0509Que
		Authors*	Quetglas	s A., Guijarro B.,	Ordines F., Moranta J.
		Affiliation*	IEO-Cer	ntre Oceanogràfic	c de Balears
Speci	ies Scie	ntific name*	Mullus s	surmuletus - M	UR
	Geogra	phical area*	Mallorca	a	
Geographica	al Sub-4	Area (GSA)*	05 - Ba	learic Island	
Combin	nation c	of GSAs 1 2 3			

Assessment form

Basic data on the assessment

Code: MUR0509Que

Sheet #0

Date*	17	Nov 2009	Authors*	Quetgla	Quetglas A., Guijarro B., Ordines F., Moranta J.				
Species					Species	Striped red mullet			
Scientif	ic	Mullus surmule	tus - MUR		common				
name*					name*				

Data Source

C5 *	05 Delegnic Island	Period of	2000-2008
USA.	05 - Baleane Island	time*	

Description of the analysis

Type of data*	Size composition of commercial catches, official landings, CPUE from	Data source*	IEO, Fishermen Association, Autonomous Government, Ministry of Fisheries
Method of	Tuned cohort analysis (XSA),	Software used*	Lowestoft (Darby and Flatman, 1994), VIT
assessment*	pseudocohort analysis and yield per	Software useu.	(Lleonart and Salat, 1997)

Sheets filled out

В	P1	P2a	P2b	G	A1	A2	A3	Y	Other	D	Ζ	С
1		2	2		1	1	2	1	1	1	1	

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Abella, A., Caddy, J.F., Serena, F., 1997. Do natural mortality and availability decline with age? An alternative yield paradigm for juvenile fisheries, illustrated by the hake Merluccius merluccius fishery in the Mediterranean. Aquat. Liv. Res., 10: 257–269.

Alemany F. and F. Álvarez (2003) Determination of effective fishing effort on hake Merluccius merluccius in a Mediterranean trawl fishery. Sci. Mar., 67(4): 491–499.

Astudillo A. y J.F. Caddy (1986) Periodicidad de los desembarcos de merluza (Merluccius merluccius) y salmonete (Mullus sp. sp.) en la Isla de Mallorca. Int. Symp. Long Term Changes Mar Fish Pop., Vigo: 221–233.

Bruno J., P. Oliver, A. Astudillo, X. Pastor and E. Daroca (1979) Contribution a la connaissance de la biologie du merlu (Merluccius merluccius L.) et du rouget (Mullus surmuletus L. et Mullus barbatus L.). Rapp. Comm. Int. Mer Médit., 25/26(10): 79–86.

Caddy, J.F., 1991. Death rates and time intervals: is there an alternative to the constant natural mortality axiom? Rev. Fish. Biol. Fish., 2: 109–138.

Darby, C.D. and Flatman, S., 1994. Virtual Population Análisis: version 3.1 (Windows/DOS) user guide. Info. Tech. Ser., MAFF Direct. Fish. Res., Lowestoft, nº 1, 85 pp.

Lleonart J. and J. Salat (1997) VIT: Software for fishery analysis. User's manual. FAO Computerized Information Series (Fisheries). Nº 11. Rome, FAO, 105 pp.

Mas, X, Goñi, R, Fernández, JL (2004) Yields, bycatch and discards in the Mullus surmuletus gillnet fishery off southeastern Mallorca (western Mediterranean). Rapp. Comm. int. Mer Médit., 37: 397.

Morales-Nin B. (1991) Parámetros biológicos del salmonete de roca Mullus surmuletus (L. 1758) en Mallorca. Bol. Inst. Esp. Oceanogr., 7: 139–147.

Assessment form

Sheet B Biology of the species

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Biology							
Diology	Somatic magni	tude measur	red (LH, LC	', etc)*	Total lengt	h Units*	cm
	Sex	Fem	Mal	Both	Unsexed		
Maximum	size observed				39(1)	Reproduction seaso	n Spring(4)
Size at firs	t maturity				14.2(2)	Reproduction areas	
Recruitme	nt size				10(3)	Nursery areas	Continental shelf

Parameters used (state units and information sources)

Sex	Unsexed							
Growth model	on Bertalani	ffy						
Data source	Otolith read	dings of ind	ividuals from	m the Balea	ric Islands i	n the frame	work of the	Spanish Nat
L _∞ (growth)	40.05							
K (growth)	0.164							
t ₀ (growth)	-1.883							
length-weight relationship	Biological	samplings o	of individual	s from the H	Balearic Isla	nds in the fi	amework of	f the Spanis
a (length-weight)	0.0084							
b (length-weight)	3.118							
sex ratio								
Μ	Vector of M	A at age(5)						

Comments

Assessment form

Sheet P1 General information about the fishery

Code: MUR0509Que

Data source*	Size composition of trawl a	and small-scale catches: II	Year (s)*	2000-2008
Data aggregatio	on (by year, average figures	By year for XSA and ave	rage 2000-2008	for pseudocohort and Y/R analysis
between years,	etc.)*			

Fleet and catches (please state units)

	Country	GSA	Fleet Segment	Gear Class	Group of Target Species
Operational Unit 1*	ESP	05	E - Trawl (12-24 metres)	03 - Trawls	34 - Demersal offshore species
Operational Unit 2	ESP	05	C - Minor gear with engine (6-12 metres)	07 - Gillnets and Entangling Nets	33 - Demersal inshore species
Operational Unit 3					
Operational Unit 4					
Operational Unit 5					

Operational Units*	Fleet (n° of boats)*	Catch (species assessed)	Other species caught	Discards (species assessed)	Discards (other species caught)	Effort units
	37	94.78	See sheet P2b	No(3)		days
ESP 05 C 07 33	91	22.64	See sheet P2b	Yes (4)	Yes (4)	days
Total	128	117.42				

Legal minimum size

11 cm

Comments

(1	1) Fleets (n° of boats) refers to: 1) the average number of trawlers in Mallorca during 200
ai p	nd 2) the average number of boats from the small-scale fleet that targeted the species dureriod.
- (2 (3	2) Catch is the average landings, in tons, of Mallorca during the period 2000–2007.3) Carbonell (1997).
(4 di th	4) Since Mas <i>et al.</i> (2004), twelve species were discarded at least in one occassion, and the scarded fraction in this fishery was 1.4% in number. <i>M. surmuletus</i> were discarded in 19 the fishing sets and made up the largest fraction of the discards (42.8% in number).

- The GFCM geographical sub-area 05 includes the waters around the Balearic Islands. The Archipelago is constituted by the islands of Mallorca, Menorca, Ibiza and Formentera. From official landings, the red mullet *Mullus surmuletus* represents the following percentages by 94.8% Mallorca, 2.7% Menorca and 2.5% Ibiza-Formentera. The present assessment has b performed considering exclusively data from Mallorca because: 1) reliability and availabili fishery statistics; and 2) both length and biological (growth, maturity, length-weight) samp were carried out in this island. <u>Hence, it must be taken into account that the present assessing represents approximately 95% of the total GSA-05</u>.

- From official data, the total trawl fleet of the whole geographical sub-area 05 (Balearic Is composed by 53 boats: on average, 41 TRB, 53 GT and 239 HP. Some of these units (smal vessels) operate almost exclusively on the continental shelf (target species: red mullets, pic octopuses, hake and sea breams), others (bigger vessels) operate almost exclusively on the continental slope (target species are decapod crustaceans) and the rest can operate indistinc the continental shelf and slope fishing grounds, depending on the season, the weather cond and also economic factors (e.g. landings price). In Mallorca, the percentage of these trawl f segments have been estimated (Alemany & Alvarez, 2003) 30, 40 and 30% of the boats, respectively.

Assessment form

Fishery by Operational Unit

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Sheet P2a

Time series

Year*	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catch	84.99	117.06	105.29	81.87	82.96	93.92
Minimum size	8	7	9	7	9	9
Average size L _c	17	16.9	16.8	16.6	16.5	16.5
Maximum size	30	31	29	30	29	30
Fleet	41	39	39	37	37	37

Year	2006	2007	2008		
Catch	90.77	114.22	81.92		
Minimum size	8	10	8		
Average size L _c	16	17.2	17.3		
Maximum size	33	32	32		
Fleet	36	36	34		

Selectivity

Remarks

L ₂₅	6.5 cm	This dist date respessed state and the muticities of the set of th
L ₅₀	8.5 cm	MaMadátaí, B., N.am.B., Gu Garijan By By Perna 2003 former de guigiémiento
L ₇₅	10.5 cm	científica de dua acción a plato das sastividad de atras de arrastre en aguas de
Selection factor		Mallorca (liles Balears). Informe Secretaria General de Pesca Maritima, 76 pp. Mallorca (liles Balears). Informe Secretaria General de Pesca Maritima, 76 pp.

Structure by size or age



fishing vessels at different ports of Mallorca.

Assessment form

Fishery by Operational Unit

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Data source*	IEO: size composition of small-scale catches; Offi	OpUnit 2*	ESP 05 C 07 33
	1 /	- r	

Time series

Year*	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catch	21.49	27.31	25.72	19.75	17.57	28.61
Minimum size	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Average size L _c	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7
Maximum size	33	33	33	33	33	33
Fleet	101	102	110	86	78	86

Year	2006	2007	2008		
Catch	22.13	21.29	19.88		
Minimum size	15.0	15	13		
Average size L _c	21.5	20.1	21.9		
Maximum size	31	33	33		
Fleet	84	85	84		

Selectivity

Remarks

L ₂₅	
L ₅₀	
L ₇₅	
Selection factor	

Structure by size or age



geographical sub-area 05 (Balearic Islands) for the period 2000–2008. Size composition of catches have been obtained from on port monthly length sampling (stratified random method).

Sheet P2a

Assessment form

Fishery by Operational Unit

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Sheet P2b

Regulations in force and degree of observance of regulations

- Fishing license: fully observed
- Engine power limited to 316 KW or 500 CV: not observed
- Mesh size in the cod-end (40 mm stretched): fully observed
- Fishing forbidden upper 50 m depth: not fully observed
- Time at sea (12 hours per day and 5 days per week): fully observed

Accompanying species

Trawl fishery developed along the continental shelf of the Balearic Islands is a multi-specific fishery. It is performed mainly on detritic bottoms of rhodophytic and corallinic algae. In addition to *M. surmuletus*, the following species can be considered as important in landings:

- Spicara smaris
- Mullus barbatus
- Pagellus acarne
- Pagellus erythrinus
- Trachurus mediterraneus
- Scyliorhinus canicula
- Serranus cabrilla
- Trachinus draco
- Scorpaena notata
- Trigloporus lastoviza
- Scorpaena scrofa
- Octopus vulgaris
- Eledone moschata
- Sepia officinalis
- Loligo vulgaris

Assessment form

Fishery by Operational Unit

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Sheet P2b

Data source*	IEO and EU research project on discards (1)	OpUnit 2*	ESP 05 C 07 33

Regulations in force and degree of observance of regulations

- Fishing license: fully observed
- Fishing season (July to December): fully observed
- Maximum length of nets (2000 m/fisherman and 5000 m/boat): not fully observed
- Minimum mesh size (50 mm): fully observed
- Limitation to 6 fishing days per week: fully observed
- Time at sea (from sunrise to sunset): not fully observed
- Fishing forbidden deeper than 50 m depth: fully observed

Accompanying species

Since Mas *et al.* (2004), the main by-catch species were the following commercially important fish species:

- Diplodus annularis
- Spicara maena
- Diplodus vulgaris
- Serranus scriba

Assessment form

Indirect methods: VPA, LCA

Sex* Unsexed

Code: MUR0509QueAnalysis # *1

Sheet A1

Time series

Data	Size	Age
(mark with X)	Х	Х

Model	Cohorts	Pseudocohorts
(mark with X)	Х	2 (more A1 sheets are

Equation used	Catch equation	Tunig method	Extended Survivor Analysis
# of gears	2	Software	Lowestoft VPA suite (Darby and Flatman, 1994)
Et.	0.453		·

Population results (please state units)

	Sizes	Ages		Amount	Biomass
Minimum			Recruitment	8.2	219.9
Average			Average population	12.29	519.6
Maximum			Virgin population	SSN	SSB
Critical			Turnover	3.45	221.4
				N in millions	in tons

Average mortality

	_		Ge	ear	
	Total				
F ₁	0.549				
F ₂	0.079				
Ζ	1.029				

(F1 and F2 represent different possible calculations. Please state them)

Comments

F1 was calculated averaging FBAR0-5 from 2000–2008; FBAR0-5 is an arithmetic mean calculated for each year over all the range of ages (0–5 years).

F2 is the F at age 0

Z = 0.48 + F1

The vector of fishing mortalities by age in the last year was obtained from a previous separable VPA:

Age (years)	F
0	0.092
1	0.440
2	0.754
3	0.633
4	0.464
5	0.453



Data



VPA tuning were performed using CPUE data from scientific surveys (N individuals per km²) and daily landings from one port of Mallorca (Santanyí). It was used this port, situated in the SE of the island, because its fleet works basically on the continental shelf, and thus it can be considered that their CPUEs are a good indicator of the species abundance (*Mullus surmuletus* inhabits mainly on the shelf). The landings of this port represented 12–30% of the total catch of Mallorca during the assessed period.

Abundance indices from surveys were calculated considering different bathymetric strata. For tuning VPA, the values obtained in the stratum corresponding to the continental shelf (<100 m depth) were used because they best reflected the evolution of commercial landings.

k Assessme	nt (SCSA)
	Sheet A3
Indirec	t methods: VPA results
	Code: MUR0509Que
	Page 1 / 2
Analysis #*	1
	CASSESSME Indirec

Population in figures



Population



SAC GFCM - Sub-Committee on Stor	ck Assessme	nt (SCSA)
Accessment to		Sheet A3
Assessment to	Indired	ct methods: VPA results
		Code: MUR0509Que
		Page 2/2
Sex* Gear* Trawl + Small-scale (trammel nets	Analysis #*	1

Population in figures



Population in biomass



Fishing mortality rates



SA	C GFCM - Sub-Com	mittee on Sto	ck Asse	essment (SCS	5A)
Accessment fo	F 100				Sheet A1
Assessment to	1111			Indirec	t methods: Y/R
	_			Cod	le: MUR0509Que
Sex Unsexed				Analysis #	2
	-				
# of gears	2	Software	VIT (Lle	onart and Salat, 19	97)

Parameters used

Vector F	From a previous separable VPA (see comments in sheet A1)
Vector M	Vector of M at age shown in sheet B
Vector N	From pseudocohort analysis

Model characteristics

From calculated mean weights

Results

	Total		G	ear	
	Total	Trawl	Small-scale		
Current YR	15.75	12.72	3.04		
Maximum Y/R	16.02	14.07	3.38		
Y/R 0.1	14.95	11.62	3.31		
F _{max}	1.43	2.00	0.61		
F _{0.1}	0.73				
Current B/R	38.05				
Maximum B/R	50.55				
B/R 0.1	45.80				

Comments

In Results, small-scale gear refers to trammel net and gillnet combined.	- Y/R - Y/R for gear 1 - Y/R for gear 2
Total (red), Trawl (green) and Small-scale (yellow)	

Assessment form

Sheet other

Code: MUR0509Que

Other assessment methods

Other results from Analysis 2 (pseudo-cohort analysis)

	Sizes (cm)	Ages (years)		Numbers (millions)	Weight (t)
Minimum			Recruitment ⁴	7.42	171.01
Average	14.4	0.91	Population ⁴	11.39	462.39
Maximum			SSB		212.63
Current stock ²	15.1	1	Virgin population		757.83
Virgin stock ³	24.8	4	Turnover (%)		107.99
			B_{now}/B_{virgin} (%)		37.3
[*] Mean values Average mortali	ity				
[*] Mean values Average mortali	ity		Fleets		
Mean values	ity Total	Trawl	Fleets Small scale		
Mean values Average mortali ${}^{5}F_{1} = Mean F$	Total 0.507	Trawl 0.351	Fleets Small scale 0.156		
Mean values Average mortali ${}^{5}F_{1} = Mean F$ ${}^{5}F_{2} = Global F$	Total 0.507 0.246	Trawl 0.351 0.218	Fleets Small scale 0.156 0.028		
³ Mean values Average mortali ${}^{3}F_{1} = Mean F$ ${}^{3}F_{2} = Global F$ ${}^{6}F_{0}$	Total 0.507 0.246 0.079	Trawl 0.351 0.218 0.079	Fleets Small scale 0.156 0.028 0		
³ Mean values Average mortali ${}^{3}F_{1} = Mean F$ ${}^{3}F_{2} = Global F$ ${}^{6}F_{0}$ ${}^{7}F_{1-2 years}$	Total 0.507 0.246 0.079 0.667	Trawl 0.351 0.218 0.079 0.549	Fleets Small scale 0.156 0.028 0 0.119 0.155		
Average mortali ${}^{5}F_{1} = Mean F$ ${}^{5}F_{2} = Global F$ ${}^{6}F_{0}$ ${}^{7}F_{1-2 \text{ years}}$ ${}^{7}F_{3-4 \text{ years}}$	Total 0.507 0.246 0.079 0.667 0.588	Trawl 0.351 0.218 0.079 0.549 0.363	Fleets Small scale 0.156 0.028 0 0.119 0.225		
Mean values Average mortali ${}^{5}F_{1}$ = Mean F ${}^{5}F_{2}$ = Global F ${}^{6}F_{0}$ ${}^{7}F_{1-2 \text{ years}}$ ${}^{7}F_{3-4 \text{ years}}$ Z = 0.48+F1 ${}^{5}F_{0}$ and F, are marked for the field of	Total 0.507 0.246 0.079 0.667 0.588 0.987	Trawl 0.351 0.218 0.079 0.549 0.363 0.831	Fleets Small scale 0.156 0.028 0 0.119 0.225 0.636	and Solat (1007	

Assessment form

Sheet D Diagnosis

Code: MUR0509Que

Reference points

Criterion	Current value	Units	Reference Point	Trend	Comments
В	525	tons	519.6	+	Bmean as reference point (Blow= 462)
SSB	237	tons	221.4	+	SSBmean as reference point (SSBlow= 196)
F	0.428		0.549	-	Fmean as reference point (Flow= 0.428)
Y	101.8	tons	117.42	-	Ymean as reference point (Ylow= 100.5)
CPUE					
CPUE					
Density					

Stock Status* Use one (or both) of the following two systems for the stock assessment status description

	0	? - (or blank) Not known or uncertain. Not much information is available to make a judgment;
		U - Underexploited, undeveloped or new fishery. Believed to have a significant potential for expansion in total production;
nal		M - Moderately exploited, exploited with a low level of fishing effort. Believed to have some limited potential for expansion in total production;
ensior	\odot	F - Fully exploited. The fishery is operating at or close to an optimal yield level, with no expected room for further expansion;
Jnidim	0	O - Overexploited. The fishery is being exploited at above a level which is believed to be sustainable in the long term, with no potential room for further expansion and a higher risk of stock depletion/collapse;
	0	D - Depleted. Catches are well below historical levels, irrespective of the amount of fishing effort exerted;
	\mathbf{C}	R - Recovering. Catches are again increasing after having been depleted or a collapse from a previous;

	Exploitation rate		Stock abundance			
nal		No or low fishing	\bigcirc	Virgin or high abundance	\bigcirc	Depleted
isio	0	Moderate fishing	\odot	Intermediate abundance		Uncertain / Not
nen		High fishing mortality	\odot	Low abundance		assessed
idir		Uncertain / Not assessed				
Bi						

Comments

Current Y/R very close to the maximum and Bnow being 37.3 Bvirgin.

Assessment form

Sheet Z Objectives and recommendations

Code: MUR0509Que

Management advice and recommendations*

No increase the fishing effort.