SAC GFCM Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment

Date*	18	October	2011	Code*	MUR0511Que			
		Authors*	Quetglas	A., Ordines F.,	González N.			
		Affiliation*	IEO-Cent	re Oceanogràfic	c de Balears			
Species Scientific name*			Mullus su	Mullus surmuletus - MUR				
	G.	1. 1. 4		M Priority Species				
		phical area*	Mallorca					
-		Area (GSA)* of GSAs 1	05 - Bale	earic Island				
		2 3						

Assessment form

Sheet #0

Basic data on the assessment

Code: MUR0511Que

Date* 18	Oct 2011	Authors*	Quetglas A., Ordi	nes F., González N.	
Species			Species	Striped red mullet	
Scientific	Mullus surmuletu	ıs - MUR	common	Striped red munet	
name*			name*		

Data Source

CCA*		Period of	2000-2010
USA.		time*	

Description of the analysis

TType of data*	Size composition of commercial catches, official landings, CPUE from	IData source*	IEO, Fishermen Association, Autonomous Government, Ministry of Fisheries
Method of	Tuned cohort analysis (XSA),	Software	Lowestoft (Darby and Flatman, 1994), VIT
assessment*	pseudocohort analysis and yield per	used*	(Lleonart and Salat, 1997)

Sheets filled out

В	P1	P2a	P2b	G	A1	A2	A3	Y	Other	D	Z	C
1		2	2		1	1	2	1	1	1	1	

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Abella, A., Caddy, J.F., Serena, F., 1997. Do natural mortality and availability decline with age? An alternative yield paradigm for juvenile fisheries, illustrated by the hake Merluccius merluccius fishery in the Mediterranean. Aquat. Liv. Res., 10: 257–269.

Alemany F. and F. Álvarez (2003) Determination of effective fishing effort on hake Merluccius merluccius in a Mediterranean trawl fishery. Sci. Mar., 67(4): 491–499.

Astudillo A. y J.F. Caddy (1986) Periodicidad de los desembarcos de merluza (Merluccius merluccius) y salmonete (Mullus sp. sp.) en la Isla de Mallorca. Int. Symp. Long Term Changes Mar Fish Pop., Vigo: 221–233.

Bruno J., P. Oliver, A. Astudillo, X. Pastor and E. Daroca (1979) Contribution a la connaissance de la biologie du merlu (Merluccius merluccius L.) et du rouget (Mullus surmuletus L. et Mullus barbatus L.). Rapp. Comm. Int. Mer Médit., 25/26(10): 79–86.

Caddy, J.F., 1991. Death rates and time intervals: is there an alternative to the constant natural mortality axiom? Rev. Fish. Biol. Fish., 2: 109–138.

Darby, C.D. and Flatman, S., 1994. Virtual Population Análisis: version 3.1 (Windows/DOS) user guide. Info. Tech. Ser., MAFF Direct. Fish. Res., Lowestoft, no 1, 85 pp.

Lleonart J. and J. Salat (1997) VIT: Software for fishery analysis. User's manual. FAO Computerized Information Series (Fisheries). No 11. Rome, FAO, 105 pp.

Mas, X, Goñi, R, Fernández, JL (2004) Yields, bycatch and discards in the Mullus surmuletus gillnet fishery off southeastern Mallorca (western Mediterranean). Rapp. Comm. int. Mer Médit., 37: 397.

Morales-Nin B. (1991) Parámetros biológicos del salmonete de roca Mullus surmuletus (L. 1758) en Mallorca. Bol. Inst. Esp. Oceanogr., 7: 139–147.

Oliver P. (1993) Analysis of fluctuations observed in the trawl fleet landings of the Balearic Islands. Sci. Mar., 57(2-3): 219–227. Pauly, D. (1980) On the interrelationships between natural mortality, growth parameters, and mean	
Pauly, D. (1980) On the interrelationships between natural mortality, growth parameters, and mean	
environmental temperature in 175 fish stocks. J. Cons. CIEM, 39(2): 175–192.	
Reñones O., E. Massutí and B. Morales-Nin (1995) Life history of the red mullet Mullus surmuletus from the bottom-trawl fishery off the Island of Majorca (north-west Mediterranean). Mar. Biol., 123: 411-419.	

SAC GFCM - Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment (SCSA) Sheet B Biology of the species

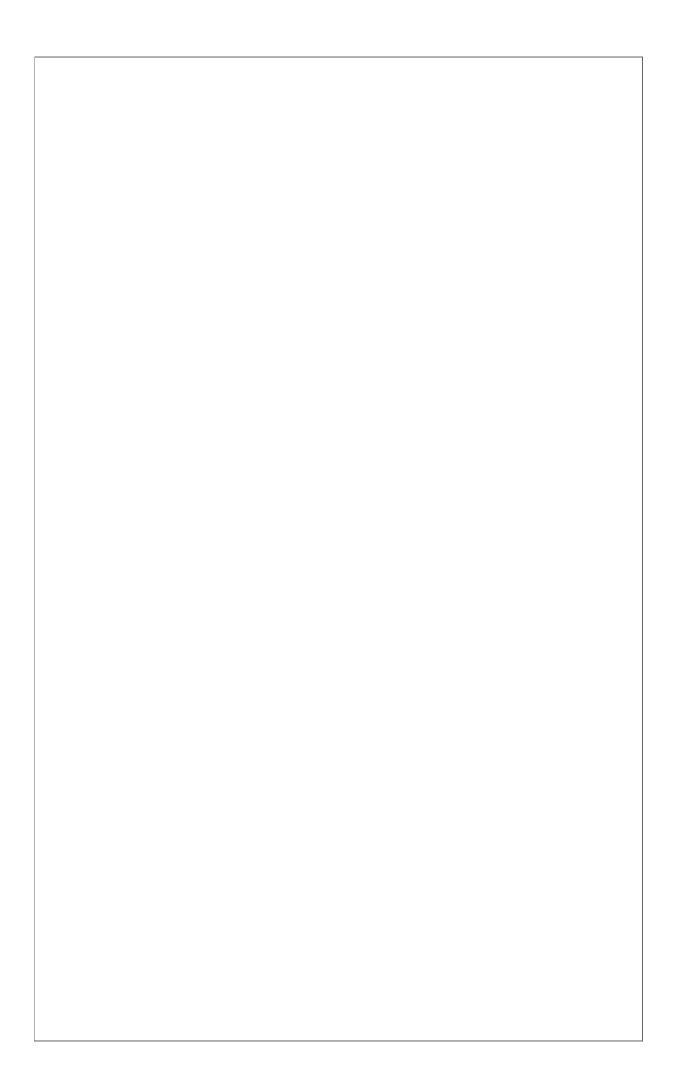
Code: MUR0511Que

Biology [
Diology	Somatic magnit	tude measur	red (LH, LC	, etc)*	Total lengt	h Units*	cm
	Sex	Fem	Mal	Both	Unsexed		
Maximum s	ize observed				39(1)	Reproduction season	Spring(4)
Size at first	maturity				14.2(2)	Reproduction areas	
Recruitmen	t size				10(3)	Nursery areas	Continental shelf

Parameters used (state units and information sources)

Comments

Sex	Unsexed							
Growth model	on Bertalant	ffy						
Data source	Otolith read	dings of ind	ividuals fro	m the Balea	ric Islands i	n the framev	work of the	Spanish Nat
L_{∞} (growth)	40.05							
K (growth)	0.164							
t ₀ (growth)	-1.883							
length-weight	Biological	samplings o	f individual	s from the I	Balearic Isla	nds in the fr	amework o	f the Spanis
a (length-weight)	0.0084							
b (length-weight)	3.118							
sex ratio								
M	Vector of N	A at age(5)						



Assessment form

Sheet P1
General information about the fishery

Code: MUR0511Que

Data source*	Size composition of trawl and small-scale catches: IF		Year (s)*	2000-2010
Data aggregation	on (by year, average	By year for XSA		
figures between	n years, etc.)*			

Fleet and catches (please state units)

	Country	GSA	Fleet Segment	Gear Class	Group of Target Species
Operational Unit 1*	ESP	05	E - Trawl (12-24 metres)	03 - Trawls	33 - Demersal inshore species
Operational Unit 2	ESP	05	C - Minor gear with engine (6-12 metres)	07 - Gillnets and Entangling Nets	33 - Demersal inshore species
Operational Unit 3					
Operational Unit 4					
Operational Unit 5					

Operational Units*	Fleet (n° of boats)*	Catch (species assessed)	Other species caught	Discards (species assessed)	Discards (other species caught)	Effort units
	37	92.51	See sheet P2b	No(3)	Yes (3)	days
ESP 05 C 07 33	67	21.78	See sheet P2b	Yes (4)	Yes (4)	days
Total	104	114.29				

Legal minimum size	11 cm

Comments

- (1) Fleets (n° of boats) refers to: 1) the average number of trawlers in Mallorca during 2000-2010; and 2) the average number of boats from the small-scale fleet that targeted the species during this period.
- (2) Catch is the average landings, in tons, of Mallorca during the period 2000–2010.
- (3) Carbonell (1997).
- (4) Since Mas *et al.* (2004), twelve species were discarded at least in one occassion, and the discarded fraction in this fishery was 1.4% in number. *M. surmuletus* were discarded in 19% of the fishing sets and made up the largest fraction of the discards (42.8% in number).

- The GFCM geographical sub-area 05 includes the waters around the Balearic Islands. This Archipelago is constituted by the islands of Mallorca, Menorca, Ibiza and Formentera. From official landings, the red mullet <i>Mullus surmuletus</i> represents the following percentages by island: 94.8% Mallorca, 2.7% Menorca and 2.5% Ibiza-Formentera. The present assessment has been performed considering exclusively data from Mallorca because: 1) reliability and availability of fishery statistics; and 2) both length and biological (growth, maturity, length-weight) samplings were carried out in this island. Hence, it must be taken into account that the present assessment represents approximately 95% of the total GSA-05. - From official data, the total trawl fleet of the whole geographical sub-area 05 (Balearic Islands) is composed by 53 boats: on average, 41 TRB, 53 GT and 239 HP. Some of these units (smaller vessels) operate almost exclusively on the continental shelf (target species: red mullets, picarel, octopuses, hake and sea breams), others (bigger vessels) operate almost exclusively on the continental slope (target species are decapod crustaceans) and the rest can operate indistinctly on the continental shelf and slope fishing grounds, depending on the season, the weather conditions and also economic factors (e.g. landings price). In Mallorca, the percentage of these trawl fleet segments have been estimated (Alemany & Alvarez, 2003) 30, 40 and 30% of the boats, respectively.

Assessment form

Sheet P2a Fishery by Operational Unit

Code: MUR0511Que

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Data source*	IEO: size composition of trawl catches; Official la	OpUnit 1*	0
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Time series

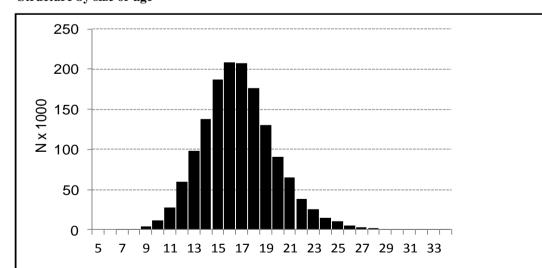
Year*	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catch	84.99	117.06	105.29	81.87	82.96	93.92
Minimum size	8	7	9	7	9	9
Average size L _c	17	16.9	16.8	16.6	16.5	16.5
Maximum size	30	31	29	30	29	30
Fleet	41	39	39	37	37	37

Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Catch	90.77	114.22	81.92	73.94	90.64	
Minimum size	8	10	8	8	7	
Average size L _c	16	17.2	17.3	16.7	16.9	
Maximum size	33	32	32	33	33	
Fleet	36	36	34	32	33	

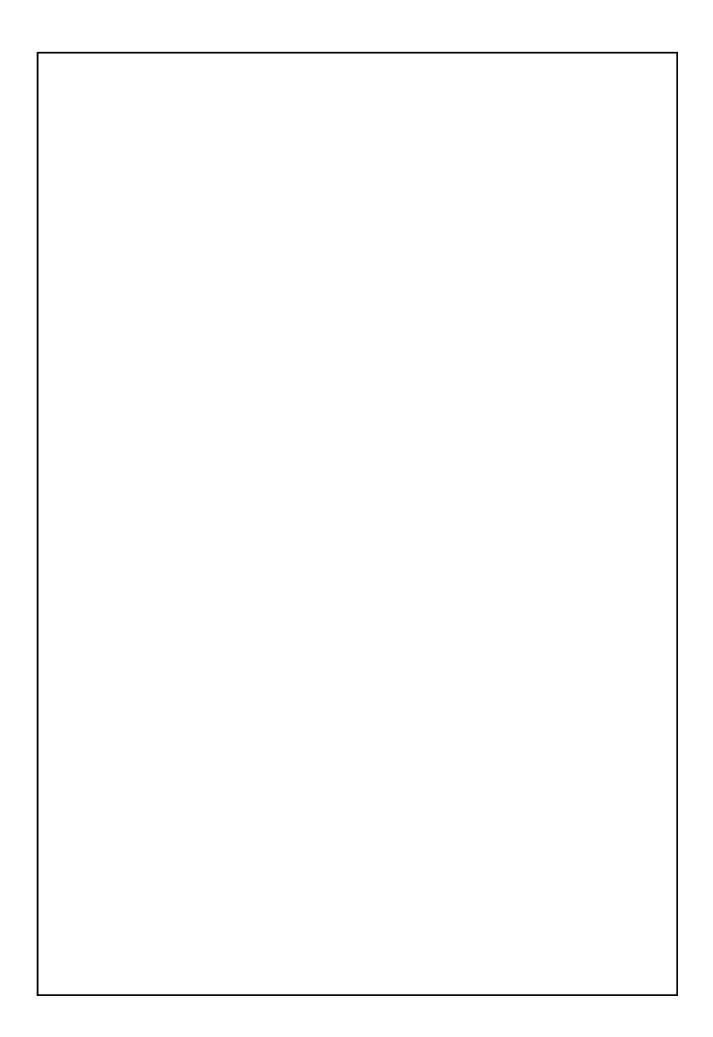
Selectivity Remarks

L_{25}	6.5 cm	This blist date rees people dected the matical accordance the initiative coldered. Data source:
L ₅₀	8.5 cm	Mamadáutí, R., Mamas, Bucarrarros Bopania 10200 formardo de escepcion tento
L ₇₅	10.5 cm	cientéfian de arrastre en aguas de cirvitad de arrastre en aguas de
Selection factor		Mallorca (Illes Balears), Informe Secretaria General de Pesca Maritima, 76 pp. Mallorca (Illes Balears). Informe Secretaria General de Pesca Maritima, 76 pp.

Structure by size or age



Average size frequency distribution (cm; total length) of trawl catches in the geographical sub-area 05 (Balearic Islands) for the period 2000–2010. Size composition of catches have been obtained from monthly length sampling (stratified random method) on board trawl fishing vessels at different ports of Mallorca.



Assessment form

Sheet P2a Fishery by Operational Unit

Code: MUR0511Que

Page 2 / 5

Data source*	IEO: size composition of small-scale catches; Offi	OpUnit 2*	ESP 05 C 07 33
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Time series

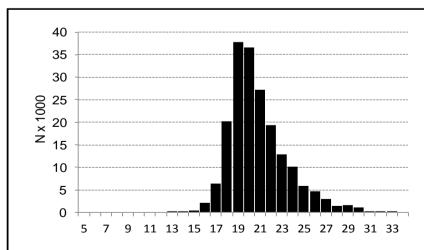
Year*	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catch	21.49	27.31	25.72	19.75	17.57	28.61
Minimum size	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Average size L _c	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7
Maximum size	33	33	33	33	33	33
Fleet	75	86	81	68	56	72

Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Catch	22.13	21.29	19.88	15.87	19.99	
Minimum size	15.0	15	13	15	15	
Average size L _c	21.5	20.1	21.9	21.7	20.2	
Maximum size	31	33	33	33	32	
Fleet	65	60	54	51	52	

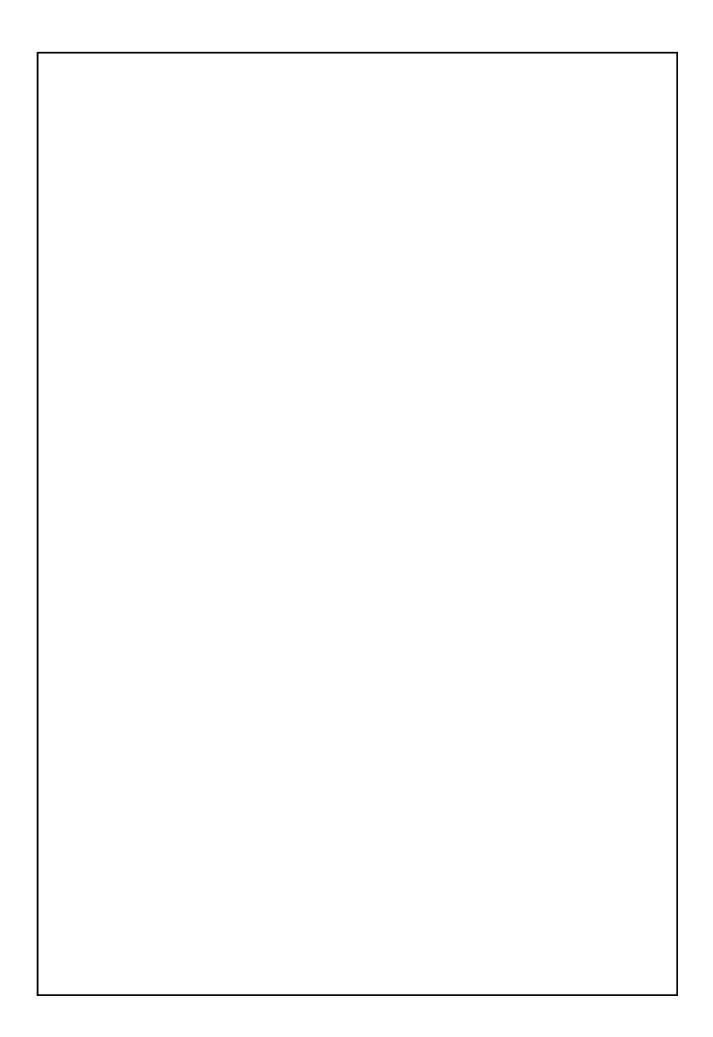
Selectivity Remarks

L_{25}	
L_{50}	
L ₇₅	
Selection factor	

Structure by size or age



Average size frequency distribution (cm; total length) of small-scale catches in the geographical sub-area 05 (Balearic Islands) for the period 2000–2010. Size composition of catches have been obtained from on port monthly length sampling (stratified random method).



Assessment form

Sheet P2b

Fishery by Operational Unit

Code: MUR0511Que

Page 1 / 2

Data source*

IEO and EU research project on discards (1)

OpUnit 1*

0

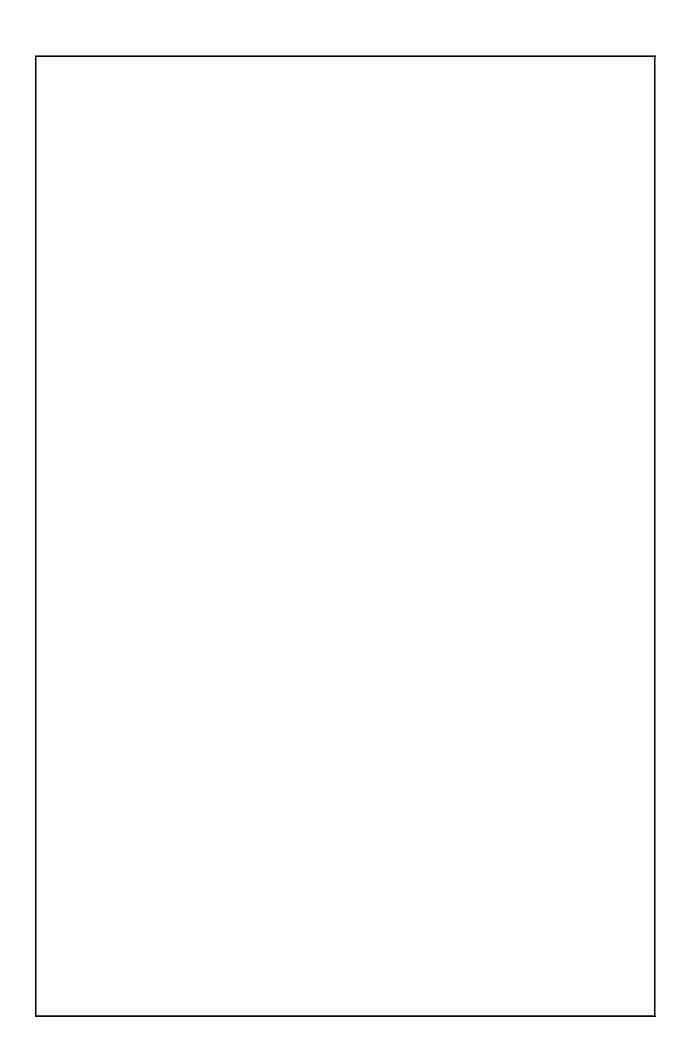
Regulations in force and degree of observance of regulations

- Fishing license: fully observed
- Engine power limited to 316 KW or 500 CV: not observed
- Mesh size in the cod-end (before Jun 1st 2010: 40 mm diamond; from Jun 1st 2010: 40 mm square or 50 mm diamond -by derogation-): fully observed
- Fishing forbidden upper 50 m depth: not fully observed
- Time at sea (12 hours per day and 5 days per week): fully observed

Accompanying species

Trawl fishery developed along the continental shelf of the Balearic Islands is a multi-specific fishery. It is performed mainly on detritic bottoms of rhodophytic and corallinic algae. In addition to *M. surmuletus*, the following species can be considered as important in landings:

- Spicara smaris
- Mullus barbatus
- Pagellus acarne
- Pagellus erythrinus
- Trachurus mediterraneus
- Scyliorhinus canicula
- Serranus cabrilla
- Trachinus draco
- Scorpaena notata
- Trigloporus lastoviza
- Scorpaena scrofa
- Octopus vulgaris
- Eledone moschata
- Sepia officinalis
- Loligo vulgaris



Assessment form

Sheet P2b

Fishery by Operational Unit

Code: MUR0511Que

Page 2 / 2

Data source*

IEO and EU research project on discards (1)

OpUnit 2*

ESP 05 C 07 33

Regulations in force and degree of observance of regulations

- Fishing license: fully observed
- Fishing season (July to December): fully observed
- Maximum length of nets (2000 m/fisherman and 5000 m/boat): not fully observed
- Minimum mesh size (50 mm): fully observed
- Limitation to 6 fishing days per week: fully observed
- Time at sea (from sunrise to sunset): not fully observed
- Fishing forbidden deeper than 50 m depth: fully observed

Accompanying species

Since Mas *et al.* (2004), the main by-catch species were the following commercially important fish species:

- Diplodus annularis
- Spicara maena
- Diplodus vulgaris
- Serranus scriba

Assessment form

Sheet A1

Indirect methods: VPA, LCA

Sex* Unsexed

Code: MUR0511Qu				
Analysis # *	1			

Time series

Data	Size	Age
(mark with X)	X	X

Model	Cohorts	Pseudocohorts
(mark with X)	X	2 (more A1 sheets are

Equation used	Catch equation	Tunig method	Extended Survivor Analysis
# of gears	2	Software	Lowestoft VPA suite (Darby and
			Flatman, 1994)
F _{terminal}	0.625		

Population results (please state units)

	Sizes	Ages		Amount	Biomass
Minimum			Recruitment	7.61	203.91
Average			Average population	11.44	482.1
Maximum			Virgin population	SSN	SSB
Critical			Turnover	3.22	205.63
				N in millions	in tons

Average mortality

			Ge	ear	
	Total				
F_1	0.581				
F_2	0.074				
Z	1.061				

⁽F1 and F2 represent different possible calculations. Please state them)

Comments

F1 was calculated averaging FBAR0-5 from 2000–2010; FBAR0-5 is an arithmetic mean calculated for each year over all the range of ages (0-5 years).

F2 is the F at age 0

Z = 0.48 + F1

The vector of fishing mortalities by age in the last year was obtained from a previous separable VPA:

Age (years)	F
0	0.113
1	0.441
2	0.695
3	0.667
4	0.555
5	0.625

Assessment fo

Sheet A2

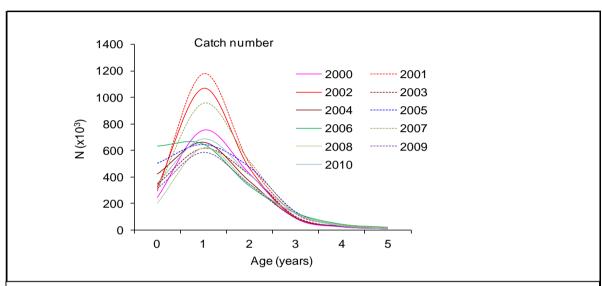
Indirect methods: data

Code: MUR0511Que

Sex* Unsexed Gear* Trawl+Small-scale(trammel nets and gillnets)	Analysis # *	1
---	--------------	---

Data Catch in number by age and CPUE from surveys and commercial fleet

Data



VPA tuning were performed using CPUE data from scientific surveys (N individuals per km²) and daily landings from one port of Mallorca (Santanyí). It was used this port, situated in the SE of the island, because its fleet works basically on the continental shelf, and thus it can be considered that their CPUEs are a good indicator of the species abundance (*Mullus surmuletus* inhabits mainly on the shelf). The landings of this port represented 12–30% of the total catch of Mallorca during the assessed period.

Abundance indices from surveys were calculated considering different bathymetric strata. For tuning VPA, the values obtained in the stratum corresponding to the continental shelf (<100 m depth) were used because they best reflected the evolution of commercial landings.

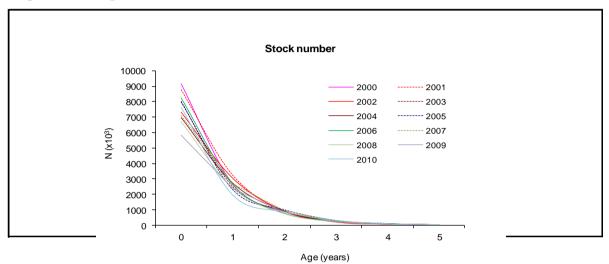
Sheet A3 Assessment fo Indirect methods: VPA results

Code: MUR0511Que

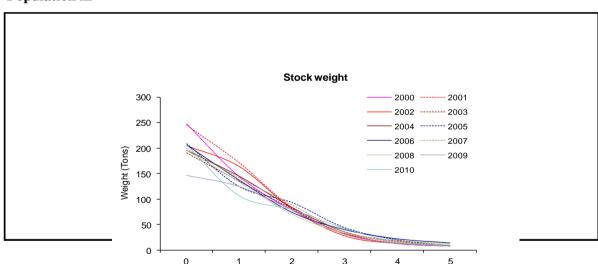
Page 1 / 2

Sex* Unsexed Gear* Trawl + Small-scale (trammel nets Analysis #*

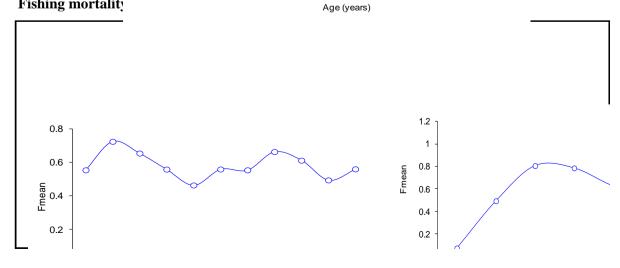
Population in figures



Population in



Fishing mortality



Assessment fo

Indirect methods: VPA results

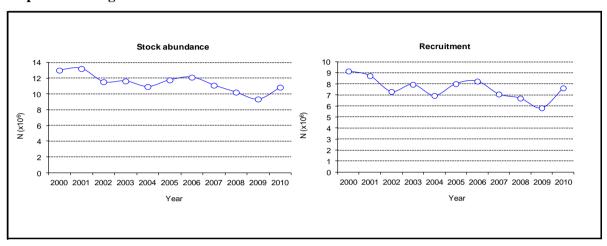
Code: MUR0511Que

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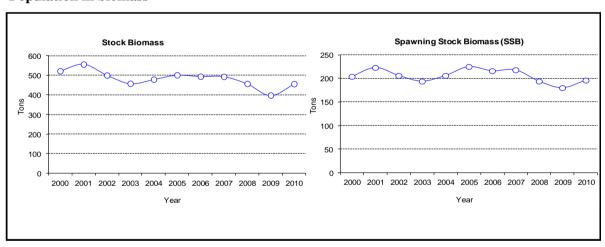
Sheet A3

Sex* Unsexe Gear* Trawl + Small-scale (trammel nets Analysis #* 1

Population in figures



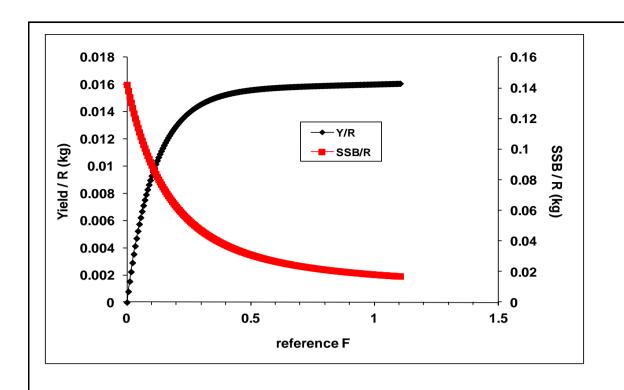
Population in biomass



Fishing mortality rates

I		
I		

S	AC GFCM - Su	b-Committee on S	Stock Assessmen	Sheet A1
Assessment f	form			Indirect methods: Y/R
				mancet methods. 1710
			<u></u>	Code: MUR0511Que
Sex Total	Ĺ		Analy	sis # 2
ш - С		G . G	F 1 1.1	
# of gears	2	Software	Excel spreadsheet	
Parameters us	haz			
Vector F				
Vector M Vector N				
v cctor iv				
N				
Model charac	teristics			
Results				
Results				
	Total		Gear	
G IID				
Current YR	15.71			
Maximum Y/R	16.08	1		
Y/R 0.1	14.02 1.10			
F _{max}	0.26			
F _{0.1} Current B/R	65.20			
Maximum B/R	51.74			
B/R 0.1	91.04			
Fref	0.55			
1101	0.33			
		ļ		<u> </u>
Ca				
Comments				



Assessment form

Sheet D Diagnosis

Code: MUR0511Que

Reference points

Criterion	Current value	Units	Reference Point	Trend	Comments
В	455	tons	482	-	Bmean as reference point (Blow= 397)
SSB	196	tons	205		SSBmean as reference point (SSBlow= 180)
F	0.56		0.58	ı	Fmean as reference point (Flow= 0.460)
Y	111	tons	114	ı	Ymean as reference point (Ylow= 89.82)
CPUE					
CPUE					
Density					

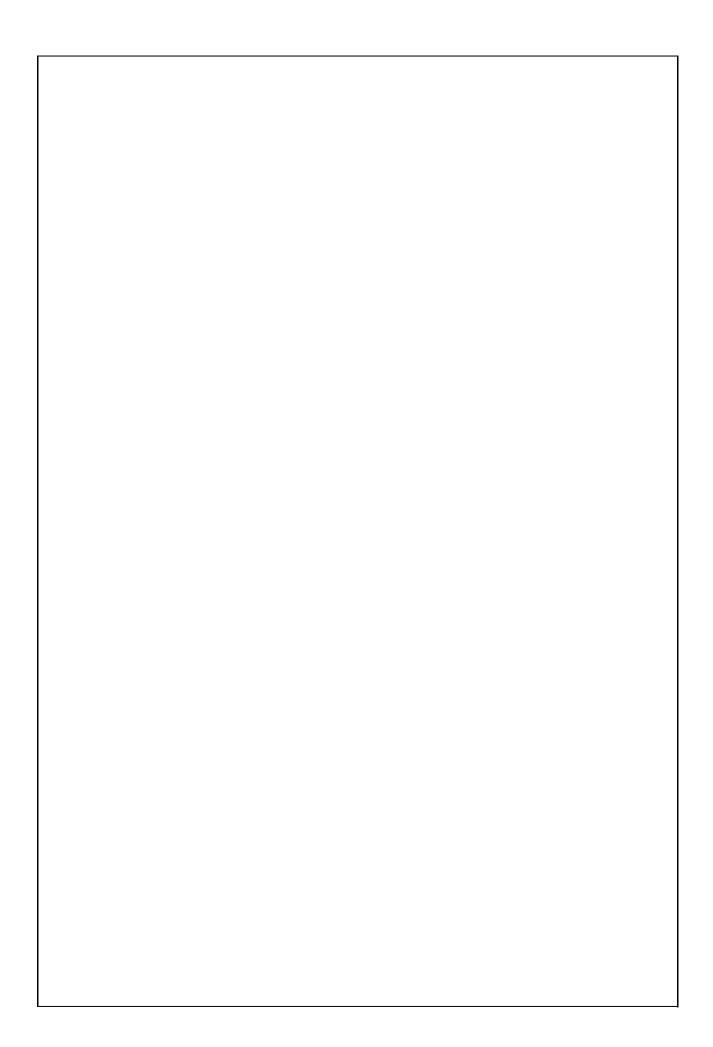
Stock Status* Use one (or both) of the following two systems for the stock assessment status description

	0	? - (or blank) Not known or uncertain. Not much information is available to make a judgment;
Unidimensional	0	U - Underexploited, undeveloped or new fishery. Believed to have a significant potential for expansion in total production;
		M - Moderately exploited, exploited with a low level of fishing effort. Believed to have some limited potential for expansion in total production;
		F - Fully exploited. The fishery is operating at or close to an optimal yield level, with no expected room for further expansion;
nidim		O - Overexploited. The fishery is being exploited at above a level which is believed to be sustainable in the long term, with no potential room for further expansion and a higher risk of stock depletion/collapse;
n		D - Depleted. Catches are well below historical levels, irrespective of the amount of fishing effort exerted;
	0	R - Recovering. Catches are again increasing after having been depleted or a collapse from a previous;

		Exploitation rate		Stock abundance			
Bidimensional	0	No or low fishing	0	Virgin or high abundance	0	Depleted	
Isio	•	Moderate fishing	•	Intermediate abundance		Uncertain / Not	
neu	0	High fishing mortality	0	Low abundance		assessed	
	0	Uncertain / Not assessed					

Comments

The stock is in overfishing status.		



Assessment form

Sheet Z Objectives and recommendations

Code: MUR0511Que

Management advice and recommendations*

To reduce fishing mortalities by reducing the effort activity and improving the selection pattern of the fishery.

Abstract for SCSA reporting

Authors Quetglas A	A., Ordines F., González N. Year 2011
Species Scientific name	Mullus surmuletus - MUR
	Source: GFCM Priority Species
Geographical Sub-Area	05 - Balearic Island
Fisheries (brief description of th	e fishery)*
developed by around 37 vessels scale fleet (~50 boats) also direct trammel nets and gillnets. During	uletus) is one of the most important target species in the trawl fishery soff Mallorca (Balearic Islands, GFCM-GSA05). A fraction of the smallests to this species during the second semester of the year, using both g the last decade, the annual landings of this species have oscillated in the trawl and small-scale fishery, respectively.
Source of management advice* (brief description of material -da	nta- and methods used for the assessment)
and the small-scale fishery on a carried out applying tuned VPA 2000-2010 and both VPA and Y/were performed using monthly s parameters estimated within the tuned with CPUE from commerc vector of natural mortality by ag	of the GFCM-GSA05 has been assessed using data from both the trawl time series covering ten years (2000-2010). The assessment has been (Extended Survivor Analysis, XSA) on the cohorts present during R analysis on a mean pseudo-cohort from that period. These approaches tize composition of catches, official landings and the biological framework of the Data Collection Programme (2003-2004). The VPA was ial trawl fleet (2000-2010) and bottom trawl surveys (2001–2010). The see was calculated from Caddy's (1991) formula, using the PROBIOM Excel at The XSA were run using the Lowestoft VPA program (Darby and done in an Excel spreadsheet.

Exploitation rate	Stock abundance	
Moderate fishing mortality	Intermediate abundance	
Comments		
The stock is in osestiming status		
nagement advice and recommendations*		
nagement advice and recommendations.		