SAC GFCM Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment

Date*	28	October	2011	Code*	DPS0411AIN
		Authors*	AINO	UCHE Nawel	
		Affiliation*	CNRI of Fisl	DPA. National Cente nery and Aquacultur	er of Research and Developpement re. Algeria
Speci	es Scie	ntific name*	1	Parapenaeus longiro Source: GFCM Priorit	ostris - DPS y Species
			2	Source: -	
			3	Source: -	
	Geogra	phical area*	Alge	eria	
Geo Combir	graphic	f GSAs 1 2 3	04	Algeria	

SCSA Assessment Forms

Sheet #0

Assessment form Basic data on the assessment

Code: DPS0411AIN

Date*	28 Oct 2011	Authors*	AINOUCHE Nawel

Species	Parapenaeus longirostris - DPS	Species	
Scientific		common	crevette rose
name*		name*	

Data Source

GSA*

Description of the analysis

Type of data*	length frequency distribution and catches:effort data	Data source*	Commercial landings
Method of assessment*	LCA and YR	Software used*	VITwin4 (Lleonart et Salat, 2000)

Sheets filled out

В	P1	P2a	P2b	G	A1	A2	A3	Y	Other	D	Z	С
1	1		-							1	1	

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Lleonart J., Salat J., 2000. VIT win4 version 1.2.Software for fisheries analysis. Institut Ciènces del Mar (CSIC). Fao, Barcelona.

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Assessment form

Sheet B **Biology of the species**

Code: DPS0411AIN

Riology							
Somatic magnitude measured (LH, LC, etc)*				LC Units*		mm	
	Sex	Fem	Mal	Both	Unsexed		
Maximum s	size observed	41	35			Reproduction season	
Size at first	t maturity	19				Reproduction areas	
Recruitmen	nt size					Nursery areas	

Parameters used (state units and information sources)

				S	ex	
		Units	female	male	both	unsexed
	L∞	mm	42.6	36.8		
Growth model	К	year	0.59	0.58		
Glowin model	tO		-0.08	-0.09		
	Data source					
Length weight	а		0.00033	0.0004		
relationship	b		2.181	2.096		
	Μ		0.819	0.819		

sex ratio (mal/fem) 15.94-54.06

Assessment form

Sheet P1

General information about the fishery

Code: DPS0411AIN

Data source*	CNRDPA and MPRH (MI	NISTERE DE LA PECHE ET	Year (s)*	2010
	DES RESSOURCES HAL	IEUTIQUES)		
Data aggregation	on (by year, average	Year		
figures between	n years, etc.)*			

Fleet and catches (please state units)

	Country	GSA	Fleet Segment	Fishing Gear Class	Group of Target Species	Species
Operational Unit 1*	DZA	04	E - Trawl (12-24 metres)	03 - Trawls	33 - Demersal shelf species	DPS
Operational Unit 2						
Operational Unit 3						
Operational Unit 4						
Operational Unit 5						

Operational Units*	Fleet (n° of boats)*	Kilos or Tons	Catch (species assessed)	Other species caught	Discards (species assessed)	Discards (other species caught)	Effort units
DZA 04 E 03 33 - DPS	358	Tons	719				
Total	358		719				

Legal minimum size 20 mm

1	
1	

Assessment form

Sheet P2a Fishery by Operational Unit

Code: DPS0411AIN

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Data source*	OpUnit 1*	DZA 04 E 03 33 - DPS

Time series

Year*	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Catch	1653.6	1383.9	1134	1151.7	849.54	638.49
Minimum size						
Average size Lc						
Maximum size						
Fleet	352	354	356	403	435	476

Year	2008	2009	2010		
Catch	760	1204	719		
Minimum size			15		
Average size Lc			25.27		
Maximum size			41		
Fleet	427	458	358		

Selectivity

Remarks

L25	
L50	
L75	
Selection factor	

Structure by size or age

		I	I	I	I		
In Algeria, the sizes of the Deep water pink shrimp ranges from 13 to 41 mm in cephalothoracique length, with an average of catch size about 25.27 mm. Minimum legal size of Parapenaeus longirostris is set to 20 mm cephalothoracique length. Sex ratio is slightly in favor of females (54.06%). Landings are made in 32 fishing ports. In terms of regulation, namely in Algeria trawling is prohibited from 0-50 meters deep.							
In 2009, the deep-water pink shrimp catches are estimated at around 1204 tons while the following year the production decreased (719 tons). CPUE showed a slight decline between 2009 and 2010 when the catch per unit effort decreased from near 3 kg/vessel to 2kg/vessel. In 2010, 358 trawlers worked in total with the following average characteristics: 19 meters length, 449 hp boat power and tonnage of 45 GRT.							

Structure by size or age

Γ	- Zone de groune 28			
I				
	Size	female males		
	15-16	8	4	
	16-17	1	4	
	17-18	4	8	
	18-19	1	40	
	19-20	12	176	
	20-21	12	110	
	20-21	68	456	
	21-22	140	400 272	
	22.20	200	88	
	23-24	200	64	
	25-26	204	64	
	23-20	124	52	
	20-27	52	JZ 40	
	27-20	109	40	
	20-29	100	3Z 20	
	29-30	120	20	
	21.22	132	20	
	31-32	144	10	
	32-33	100	4	
	24.25	70	4	
	34-33	70	4	
	30-30 26 27	40	0	
	27.20	32	0	
	37-30	20	0	
	38-39	16	0	
	39-40	16	0	
ī	40-41	12	0	
	41-42	4	0	
1	1			

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Assessment form	Sheet Y
Assessment form	Indirect methods: Y/R
	Code: DPS0411AIN
Sex female	Analysis #

# of gears	trawl	Software	VIT win4

Parameters used

Vector F	
Vector M	
Vector N	

Model characteristics

In Algeria, a virtual population analysis of P. longirostris was carried out by separated sexes based on the length (VPA) and conducted by the VIT program (Lleonart and Salat, 2000).

Results

	Total		Ge	ear	
		female	male		
Current YR		0.139	0.127		
Maximum Y/R		0.188	0.148		
Y/R 0.1		0.164	0.131		
F _{max}		4	3.85		
F _{0.1}		1.6	1.125		
Current B/R					
Maximum B/R					
B/R 0.1					

Comments

both for female and male, the current YR is lower than the Y/R 0.1. considering F0.1 as target reference point (TRP), the stock appear fully exploited.

The effort must be maintained at the current level

Sheet Y (page 2)



Assessment form

Sheet D Diagnosis

Code: DPS0411AIN

Indicators and reference points

Criterion	Current value	Units	Reference Point	Trend	Comments
В					
SSB					
F					
Y					
CPUE					

Stock Status* Use one (or both) of the following two systems for the stock assessment status description

	\bigcirc	? - (or blank) Not known or uncertain. Not much information is available to make a judgment;
	0	U - Underexploited, undeveloped or new fishery . Believed to have a significant potential for expansion in total production;
	C	M - Moderately exploited , exploited with a low level of fishing effort. Believed to have some limited potential for expansion in total production;
ional	\odot	F - Fully exploited . The fishery is operating at or close to an optimal yield level, with no expected room for further expansion;
nidimens	0	O - Overexploited . The fishery is being exploited at above a level which is believed to be sustainable in the long term, with no potential room for further expansion and a higher risk of stock depletion/collapse;
Ξ	C	D - Depleted . Catches are well below historical levels, irrespective of the amount of fishing effort exerted;
	C	R - Recovering. Catches are again increasing after having been depleted or a collapse from a previous;

		Exploitation rate	Stock abundance									
nal	0	No or low fishing	0	Virgin or high abundance	0	Depleted						
sio	۲	Moderate fishing	\odot	Intermediate abundance	\sim	Uncertain / Not						
nen	0	High fishing mortality	0	Low abundance	\sim	assessed						
din	0	Uncertain / Not assessed										
ä												

Assessment form

Objectives and recommendations

Code: DPS0411AIN

Sheet Z

Management advice and recommendations*

In Algeria, a virtual population analysis of P. longirostris was carried out by separated sexes based on the length (VPA) and conducted by the VIT program (Lleonart and Salat, 2000), that allowed an assessment of the level of exploitation of the stock to an optimal level.

it is recomanded to maintain the fishing effort at the current level or at least to raise it at the F0.1 level this will not affect negatively the stock.

Advice for scientific research*

Abstract for SCSA reporting

Authors AIN	OUCHE Nawel	Year 2011
Species Scientif	c name Parapenaeus longi Source: GFCI	rostris - DPS M Priority Species
	Source: -	
	Source: -	
Geographical S	ıb-Area 04 - Algeria	

Fisheries (brief description of the fishery)*

The main species of fish caught by the algerian trawlers are essentially Red mullet Mullus barbatus, Pagellus erythrinus, Pagellus acarne, Pagellus bogaraveo, Merluccius merluccius and Phycis phycis. The Crustacean Decapods are represented by the two shrimps of high commercial interest : the red shrimp Aristeus antennatus (Risso, on 1816) and the pink shrimp Parapenaeus longirostris (Lucas, 1846). The other species belonging to the group of Reptentia are weakly represented in the contributions, in spite of their high price on the local market such as Nephrops norvegicus (Linnaeus, on 1758) as well as the spiny lobster Palinurus elephas (Fabricius, 1787). The demersal species with great commercial interest in Algeria are Aristeus antennatus and Parapenaeus longirostris, moreover P. longirostris is the main commercial species in 19 Algerian fishing ports. Parapenaeus longirostris is present throughout the Algerian coast from east to west. Sizes range from 13 to 41 mm in cephalothorax length, with an average catch of 25.27mm. The minimum size of the deep-water pink shrimp is set to 20 mm cephalothorax length. Sex ratio is slightly in favor of females (54.06%). Landings are made in 32 fishing ports. In terms of regulation, namely in Algeria trawling is prohibited from 0-50 meters deep. In 2009, the deepwater pink shrimp catches are estimated at around 1204 tons while the following year the production decreased (719 tons). CPUE showed a slight decline between 2009 and 2010

Source of management advice*

(brief description of material -data- and methods used for the assessment)

Data of total catch and fishing effort in 2000-2010 of the Algerian trawling fleet in GSA04 were presented. Abundance based on survey data, biological parameters, landings and samplings in 2010 were presented confirming that with a similar fishing effort there was a great decrease in P. longirostris landings from 2002 to 2010

Stock Status*

F - Fully exploited. The fishery is operating at or close to an optimal yield level, with no expected room for further expansion;

Exploitation rate

Moderate fishing mortality

Intermediate abundance

Stock abundance

Management advice and recommendations*



Advice for scientific research*