SAC GFCM Sub-Committee on Stock Assessment

Date* 5 November	2010 Code* ANE1810Man
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Affiliation*	Institute of Marine Biology (Kotor), Montenegro - 1 Institute of Marine Sciences (ISMAR -CNR, Ancona), Italy - 2 Aquaculture and Fishery Laboratory (Durres), Albania FAO AdriaMed Project
Species Scientific name*	1 Engraulis encrasicolus - ANE Source: GFCM Priority Species
	2 Source: -
	3 Source: -
Geographical area*	Adriatic Sea
Geographical Sub-Area (GSA)* Combination of GSAs 1 2 3	18 - Southern Adriatic Sea

Assessment form

Basic data on the assessment

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Sheet #0

Date*	5 Nov 2010	Authors*	Mandic, M., Pesic, A., Joksimovic, A., Regner, S 1 Leonori, I.,
			De Felice, A., Campanella, F., Biagiotti, I 2 Kolitari, J3

Species	Engraulis encrasicolus - ANE	Species	European anchovy
Scientific		common	
name*		name*	

Data Source

GSA*	18 - Southern Adriatic Sea	Period of time*	1987, 1988, 1992-2002, 2005, 2009
			2003-2009

Description of the analysis

Type of data*	Biomass estimation by DEP method and by acoustic methodology	Data source*	DEPM and acoustic survey in 2008 and historical data of acoustic method
Method of assessment*	DEPM, Acoustics	Software used*	SURFER Golden Software 8, Myriax Echoview 4, ESRI Arcview 3.2

Sheets filled out

В	P1	P2a	P2b	G	A1	A2	A3	Y	Other	D	Z	С
	1								1	1	1	

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Comments, bibliography, etc.

Sheet #0 (page 2)

Assessment form

General information about the fishery

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Sheet P1

Data source*	IREPA and AdriaMed egg	s and larvae survey	Year (s)*	2008
Data aggregati figures between	on (by year, average n years, etc.)*	by year		

Fleet and catches (please state units)

_	Country	GSA	Fleet Segment	Fishing Gear Class	Group of Target Species	Species
Operational Unit 1*	ITA	18	H - Purse Seine (12-24 metres)	02 - Seine Nets	31 - Small gregarious pelagic	ANE
Operational Unit 2	ITA	18	J - Pelagic Trawl (12-24 metres)	03 - Trawls	31 - Small gregarious pelagic	ANE
Operational Unit 3	MNE	18	H - Purse Seine (12-24 metres)	02 - Seine Nets	31 - Small gregarious pelagic	ANE
Operational Unit 4	ALB	18	H - Purse Seine (12-24 metres)	02 - Seine Nets	31 - Small gregarious pelagic	ANE
Operational Unit 5						

Operational Units*	Fleet (n° of boats)*	Kilos or Tons	Catch (species assessed)	Other species caught	Discards (species assessed)	Discards (other species caught)	Effort units
ITA 18 H 02 31 - ANE	7	Tons	2623				
ITA 18 J 03 31 - ANE	34	Tons	6870				
MNE 18 H 02 31 - ANE	1	Tons					
ALB 18 H 02 31 - ANE	5	Tons					
Total	47		9493				

Legal minimum size 9 cm IT and MNE, 7 cm ALB

Comments

Year Catch (tons) 2006 15975 2007 12818 2008 9541 2009 8775

Anchovy catches in the western side of GSA 18

SCSA Assessment Forms

Sheet P1 (page 2)

Comments



Anchovy landings in south-western Adriatic

Assessment form

Fishery by Operational Unit

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Sheet P2b

Data source*	OpUnit 1*	ITA 18 H 02 31 - ANE

Regulations in force and degree of observance of regulations

Regulations in GSA 18 are based on technical measures - mesh size opening, height and lentgth of the nets, number of licences and minimum landing size.

Accompanying species

Sardina pilchardus, Trachurus spp., Boops boops, Scomber japonicus, Spicara spp.

Assessment form

Other assessment methods

Sheet other

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1) One assessment was conducted using Daily Egg Production Method (DEPM). DEPM model:
The spawning stock biomass estimation is based on the model described by Parker (1980):
$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{E}/\mathbf{k} * \mathbf{F} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{b} * \mathbf{f} * \mathbf{R}$
Where:
B = spawning biomass in metric tons
E = number of eggs produced per day over the area surveyed
k = conversion factor from grams to metric tons
Frb = relative batch fecundity
f = spawning frequency
R = sex ratio (fraction of mature females by weight)
2) The second assessment was made by means of acoustic methodology:

Biomass estimate is derived from the elaboration of acoustic data logged at three frequencies (38, 120 and 200 kHz) to calculate raw density of small pelagic fish in the study area converted into biomass per species on the base of percentage in weight of the different species and their

Vessel	R/V Dallaporta
Transect design	Paralllel transects
Inter-transect distance	10 nm
Time of day	Fulltime
EDSU (nm)	1
Bottom depth (min)	10
Distance from coast	10-15 m bathymetric
Offshore extension	Mid-line or 250 m bathimetric
Fishing gear	Pelagic trawl
Echosounder	Simrad EK60
Frequency for assessment	38 kHz
Complementary frequencies	120,200 kHz
Pulse duration	1 ms
Threshold for acquisition	-80 db
Threshold for assessment	-70 dB
File format	.raw
Echopartioning into species needed	Frequencies comparisons, pelagic trawl, Ts analysis when
Notes about changes in method Before 2008 the echosounder Before 2004 it was used a singl Before 2008 the survey design	dology: was the Simrad EK500 e beam system at 38 kHz used was zig zag transects

Assessment form

Sheet D Diagnosis

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Indicators and reference points

Criterion	Current value	Units	Reference Point	Trend	Comments
В					
SSB					
F					
Y					
CPUE					
В	60950	tons	iı	ncreasin	Acoustic method - eastern side of GSA 18, 2008
SSB	52273	tons	iı	ncreasin	DEPM - eastern side of GSA 18, 2008
В	141155	tons	iı	ncreasin	Acoustic method - western side of GSA 18 (2008
					Average biomass estimation from 1987 is 79132 tons (only western side

Stock Status* Use one (or both) of the following two systems for the stock assessment status description

	0	? - (or blank) Not known or uncertain. Not much information is available to make a judgment;
		U - Underexploited, undeveloped or new fishery. Believed to have a significant potential for expansion in
	1	total production;
		M - Moderately exploited, exploited with a low level of fishing effort. Believed to have some limited
	1	potential for expansion in total production;
lal	ľ	F - Fully exploited. The fishery is operating at or close to an optimal yield level, with no expected room for
sior	3	further expansion;
ens		O - Overexploited . The fishery is being exploited at above a level which is believed to be sustainable in the
lim	\odot	long term, with no potential room for further expansion and a higher risk of stock depletion/collapse;
Jnic		
٦	ľ	D - Depleted . Catches are well below historical levels, irrespective of the amount of fishing effort exerted;
	2	
	ľ	R - Recovering. Catches are again increasing after having been depleted or a collapse from a previous;

	Exploitation rate	Stock abune	dance
onal	No or low fishing	Virgin or high abundance	Depleted
sic	Moderate fishing	Intermediate abundance	Uncertain / Not
ner	High fishing mortality	Low abundance	assessed
din	Uncertain / Not assessed		
ä			

Comments

Stock status is marked as uncertain because the lack of long- term data on anchovy catches in all GSA 18 as well as lack of time series of biomass estimations by acoustic and DEPM (especially in the eastern side of GSA 18).

Assessment form

Objectives and recommendations

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Sheet Z

Management advice and recommendations*

Spawning stock biomass (SSB), estimated by DEPM, was conducted in Montenegrin territorial waters for the first time in August 2005 (AdriaMed eggs and larvae survey). Comparing this present results with the previous one, biomass of anchovy shows very significant increasing and it is about 5 times higher.

The results of 2008 echo survey in Montenegro and Albania (eastern GSA 18) show that the pelagic biomass has reached a good level, slightly below that of 2002 in Montenegro. Results on anchovy biomass by DEPM method in 2008 is largely in agreement with acoustic estimation. Such a good accordance between two methods can be explained by age structure of anchovy stock.

Estimation of anchovy biomass by acoustic method in western side of GSA 18 in recent years shows already known fluctuations in population dynamic of anchovy biomass (with two minima and two maximum's).

Although those results shows that anchovy population is on stable level in GSA 18 lack of long - term data on anchovy catches doesn't allow us to give a real judgment on stock status. Even if the catch records are incomplete, biomass assessments by acoustic and DEP method shows that most likely stock can sustain the current fisheries in GSA 18.

Advice for scientific research*

It is recommended to obtain data on anchovy catches from all countries from GSA 18 and to continue biomass assessmations by both methods (acoustic and DEPM) simultaneously in all GSA 18.

Abstract for SCSA reporting

Species Scientific name	Engraulis encrasicolus - ANE Source: GFCM Priority Species
	Source: -
	Source: -
Geographical Sub-Area	18 - Southern Adriatic Sea
es (brief description of th	e fishery)*
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Source of management advice*

(brief description of material -data- and methods used for the assessment)

Stock Status*

? - (or blank) Not known or uncertain. Not much information is available to make a judgment;

Exploitation rate

Uncertain / Not assessed

Stock abundance

Intermediate abundance

Comments

Stock status is marked as uncertain because the lack of long- term data on anchovy catches in all GSA 18 as well as lack of time series of biomass estimations by acoustic and DEPM (especially in the eastern side of GSA 18).

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